## **The LDBC SNB Implementation in TuGraph**

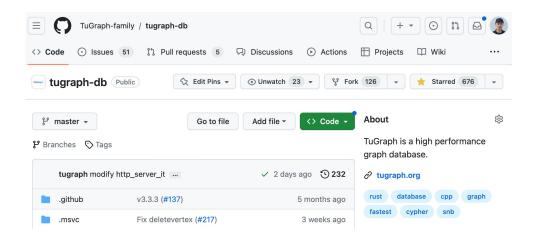
HENG LIN

Ant Group 6/23/2023

#### **TuGraph Overview**

#### TuGraph-DB

- Performance oriented graph database on single machine
- Full ACID support with serializable transactions
- Integrated with query / analytics / learning
- OpenCypher API (IOS GQL 2023.9)
- Stored procedure with C++/Python/Rust API
- Open source from 2022.9





-- Don Chamberlin, 49 Years of Queries, SIGMOD2023



#### Design

# Query Impl.

Materialized views

Intra-query parallelism

## Transactions

Lock free read txn

Multi-version B+ tree

# Topology

Adaptive continuous packing

Prop. value based sorting

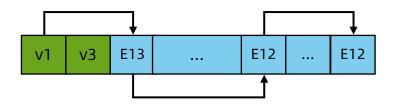
#### Properties

Compact layout

Compress with fixed and variable length data

'*fuGraph*'

## Adaptive Continuous Packing (1)





Chained (Neo4j, etc.) Using pointer to connect vertices and edges -> Fast write and a lot of random access Discrete KV (Nebula, Geabase, etc.) Each vertex and edge is a KV -> Relative fast write, but sacrifice scan

Our observations:

1. More read than write (a.k.a 10:1 in LDBC SNB)

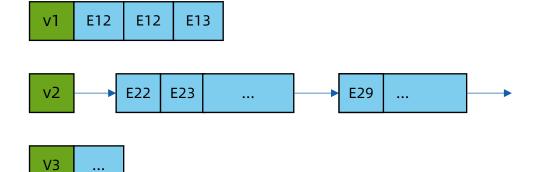
2. Access locality of certain vertex's edges

3. Power-law distribution



## **Adaptive Continuous Packing (2)**

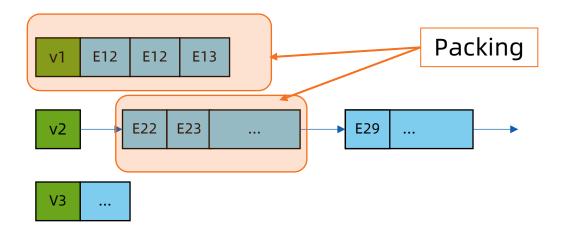
Observations	Techniques	Result
1. $R/W = 10:1$	Repack data while writing	A bit slow write but faster read
2. Access locality	Continuous pack edges in a block	Faster scan
3. Power-law	One block for small vertex, which more for hub	Avoid slow down for hub vertex





### **Adaptive Continuous Packing (3)**

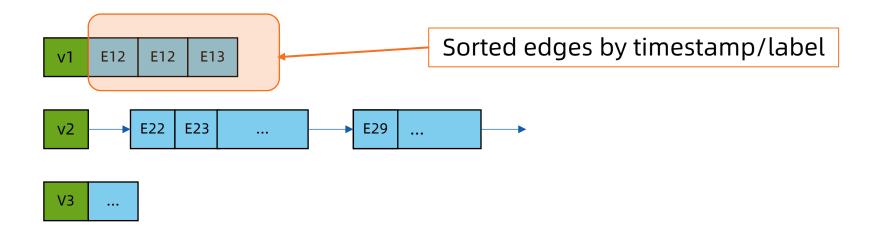
Observations	Techniques	Result
1. $R/W = 10:1$	Repack data while writing	A bit slow write but faster read
2. Access locality	Continuous pack edges in a block	Faster scan
3. Power-law	One block for small vertex, which more for hub	Avoid slow down for hub vertex





## **Adaptive Continuous Packing (4)**

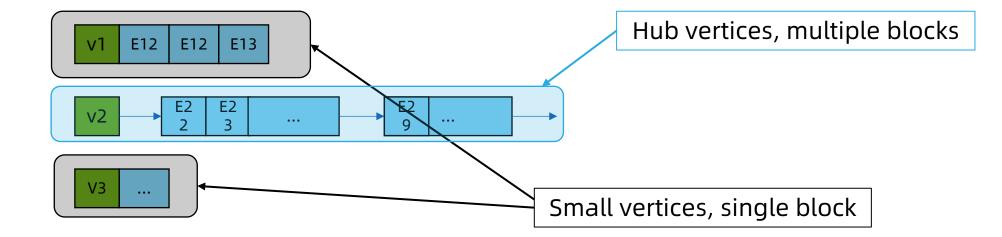
Observations	Techniques	Result
1. $R/W = 10:1$	Repack data while writing	A bit slow write but faster read
2. Access locality	Continuous pack edges in a block	Faster scan
3. Power-law	One block for small vertex, which more for hub	Avoid slow down for hub vertex





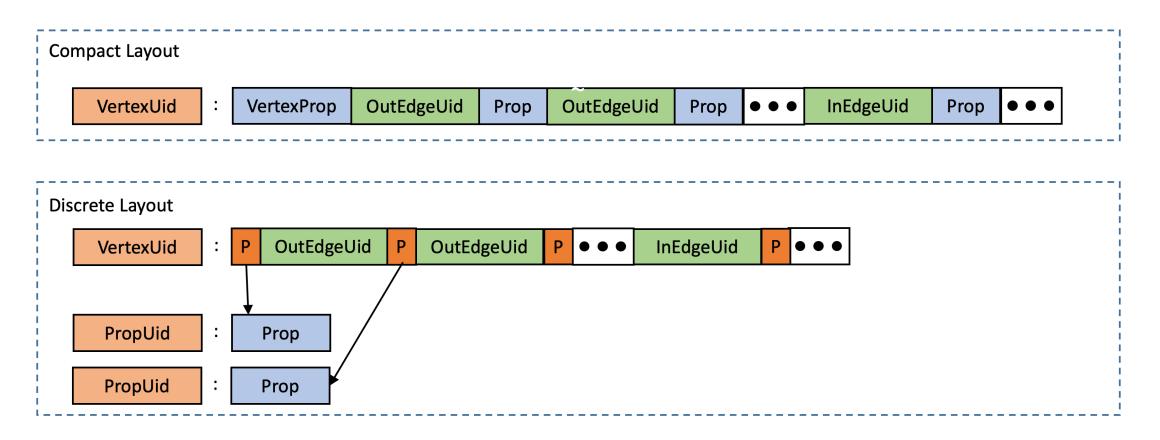
## **Adaptive Continuous Packing (5)**

Observations	Techniques	Result
1. $R/W = 10:1$	Repack data while writing	A bit slow write but faster read
2. Access locality	Continuous pack edges in a block	Faster scan
3. Power-law	One block for small vertex, which more for hub	Avoid slow down for hub vertex





#### **Compact Layout**

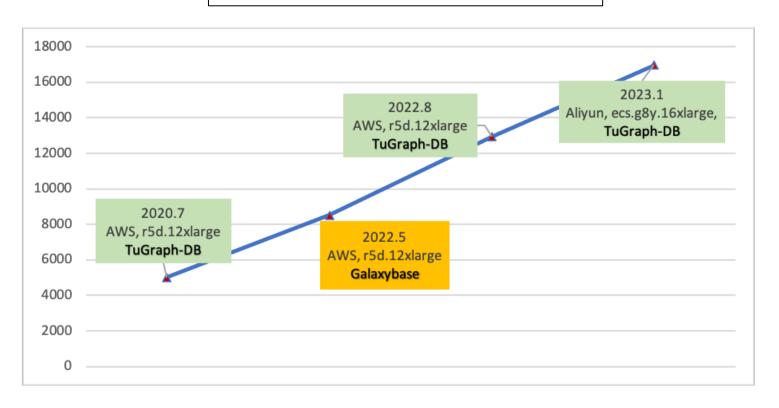


- During traversal, one or more properties of vertices or edges are accessed.
- --> Choose Compact Layout

TuGraph

#### **LDBC SNB Interactive Audit**

SNB SF100 QPS, Higher is better



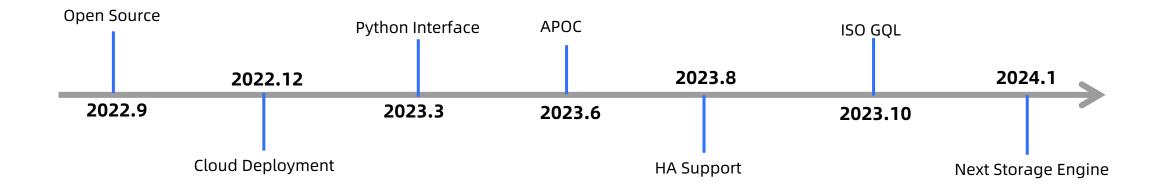
#### LDBC SNB Interactive

- Formulated by LDBC
- Simulate social network senario
- Workload including 29 R/W queries
- Transaction/Correctness/Throughout

TuGraph ranks No.1 in the overall throughput.



#### Roadmap



TuGraph-DB Repo: <u>https://github.com/TuGraph-family/tugraph-db</u>

TuGraph-Analytics Repo: <u>https://github.com/TuGraph-family/tugraph-analytics</u>

Free Trail: <u>https://tugraph-db.readthedocs.io/en/latest/5.developer-manual/1.installation/1.cloud-deployment.html</u>

'fuGraph'

# **Thank You**

