

### **LDBC SNB Interactive 2.0**

David Püroja, Gábor Szárnyas, Jack Waudby, Peter Boncz

15th LDBC Technical User Community meeting

### Comparison of workloads

	Interactive v1.0	Business Intelligence v1.0
focus	OLTP	OLAP
typical query	2-3 hop neighbourhood queries with filtering	multi-hop/path/subgraph queries with filtering & aggregation
data generator	SNB Hadoop Datagen	SNB Spark Datagen
refresh operations	inserts	inserts and deletes
target metric	Throughput (ops/s)	mean latency (WIP)

### Interactive v1.0 and v2.0

	Interactive v1.0	Interactive v2.0
focus	OLTP	OLTP
typical query	2-3 hop neighbourhood queries with filtering	2-3 hop neighbourhood queries with filtering
data generator	SNB Hadoop Datagen	SNB Spark Datagen
refresh operations	inserts	inserts and deletes
target metric	Throughput (ops/s)	Throughput (ops/s)

# Interactive Workload

## Interactive workload

**Scenario:** Users browsing a social network and producing content (Forums, Messages) and *delete content or their account* 

#### **Queries:**

- 14 complex reads
- 7 short reads
- 8 insert operations
- 8 delete operations

### Queries

- **Complex queries:** Always start from one or two Person nodes, and discover their neighbourhoods (1..2 nodes) or paths between Person nodes
- **Short queries:** Discover the neighbourhood of a Person or a Message node
- **Insert operations:** Each operation inserts a node (and connects it to its neighbourhood) or an edge between existing nodes
- **Delete operations:** Each operation deletes a node (and its connections to its neighbourhood) or an edge between existing nodes (*new in v2.0*)

## **Interactive deletions**

Deletions are backported from BI workload. The delete queries are:

- 1. Remove person and its personal forums and message (sub)threads
- 2. Remove post like
- 3. Remove comment like
- 4. Remove forum and its content
- 5. Remove forum membership
- 6. Remove post thread
- 7. Remove comment subthread
- 8. Remove friendship

## **Execution of queries**

- **Insert and delete queries:** operations issue times are taken from the update streams generated by the data generator
- **Complex queries:** complex reads times are expressed in terms of update operations (update frequencies)
- **Short read queries:** for each complex read instance, a sequence of short reads is planned

# Example queries

# Example queries: Complex query 3

Q3: Friends and friends of friends that have been to given countries



## Example queries: Insert query 1

#### Q1: Add person



# Example queries: Short query 6

#### **Q6:** Forum of a message



# Example queries: Delete query 4

#### Q4: Remove forum and its content



# Interactive Driver

### **Interactive Driver: Components**



## **Interactive Driver: Implementations**

- PostgreSQL [SQL]: a row-oriented RDBMS
- Neo4j [Cypher]: a graph database management system
- DuckDB [SQL]: a column-oriented OLAP RDBMS with a vectorized runtime
- Umbra [SQL]: a column-oriented HTAP RDBMS with a compiled runtime, WIP
- TigerGraph [GSQL]: graph database management system
- SQL Server [T-SQL]: row or column-oriented RDBMS with graph extension, WIP

### Interactive Driver: v1.0 changes

- Scale Factor properties included in driver
- Forum/Person update streams merged
- Driver divides the update stream across update-threads round-robin
- Fix 5% on-time validation rule
- Short reads are separated from update queries

## Interactive Driver: v2.0 Future work

- Move to dataset from Spark Datagen
  - Allows higher scale factors
  - Include **deletions**
- Implement windowed execution<sup>1</sup> to support asynchronous execution of dependent events
- Improve speed of parameter generation
- Scoring analysis separate from driver (using DuckDB)

<sup>1</sup>Orri Erling et al. "The LDBC social network benchmark: Interactive workload." SIGMOD 2015.

## Windowed Execution

- 1. Event 1 has a starttime and a dependent time
- 2. Event 2 is dependent on event 1
- Datagen ensures that there is T-safe time between the T-dep time of event 1 and the T-start time of event 2



# Windowed Execution

When taking multiple events into account, each starting in a set interval, the window with dependent events is scheduled T-safe time



## Larger scale factors

- Current Interactive workload goes up to SF1000
- New scale factors are:
  - SF3000
  - SF10k
  - SF30k (Work in progress)

### Interactive workload: Audited results

#### 4 audited results:

- 1. Sparksee (driver v0.2.2, 2015)
- 2. Virtuoso (driver v0.2.2, 2015)
- 3. TuGraph (driver v0.3.2, 2020) (<u>report</u>)
- 4. CreateLink (driver v0.3.3, 2022) (<u>report</u>)



The graph & RDF benchmark reference